

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	•
10/780,186	02/17/2004	Jesse M. Hammonds	223/1	1743	
75	90 02/03/2006		EXAM	INER	
Schwartz Law Firm, P.C.			MOHANDESI, JILA M		
SouthPark Tow	ers				
Suite 530			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
6100 Fairview I	Road		3728		
Charlotte, NC	28210			_	

DATE MAILED: 02/03/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/780,186	HAMMONDS, JESSE M.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
,	Jila M. Mohandesi	3728				
The MAILING DATE of this communication						
Period for Reply	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	7 February 2004.					
,	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicat	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
,	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a	)) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	I Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· —	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB	·	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>05-19-2004</u> .	6) Other:					

Application/Control Number: 10/780,186 Page 2

Art Unit: 3728

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-4 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gianola (3,027,659). Gianola '659 discloses a self-ventilating shoe assembly, comprising: an upper (14); an outsole (16) attached to said upper; an insole (see column 2, lines 69-70) located between said upper and said outsole; a resilient ventilation body (sponge rubber blocks 24 and 26) located between said outsole and said insole, and comprising an intake (tubes 30 and 32 with one-way check valves 34 and 36) communication with an exterior of said shoe assembly and an exhaust (conductors 38 and 42 with check valves 40 and 44) communicating with an interior of said shoe assembly, such that: upon application of pressure against said resilient body, air is discharged outwardly through said exhaust to the interior of said shoe assembly, thereby ventilating said shoe assembly; and upon release of pressure from said resilient body, air is drawn inwardly from outside of said shoe assembly through said intake as said body expands to its original form. See figures 1-10 embodiments.
- 3. Claims 1, 3-4 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Goss (5,826,349). Goss '349 discloses a self-ventilating shoe assembly, comprising: an upper (12); an outsole (16) attached to said upper; an insole (insert 50) located between

said upper and said outsole; a resilient ventilation body (resilient encasement 20) located between said outsole and said insole, and comprising an intake (air intake tube 40 with air intake 30) communication with an exterior of said shoe assembly and an exhaust (conduits with check valves 22 as shown in figures 3 and 4 embodiments) communicating with an interior of said shoe assembly, such that: upon application of pressure against said resilient body, air is discharged outwardly through said exhaust to the interior of said shoe assembly, thereby ventilating said shoe assembly; and upon release of pressure from said resilient body, air is drawn inwardly from outside of said shoe assembly through said intake as said body expands to its original form. See figures 1-8 embodiments.

With respect to claim 8, note toe vents (18) in figure 3 embodiment.

4. Claims 1-5, 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shin et al. (5,975,861). Shin '861 discloses a self-ventilating shoe assembly, comprising: an upper; an outsole attached to said upper (see figure 2 embodiment); an insole (50) located between said upper and said outsole; a resilient ventilation body (bellows and compression spring 20) located between said outsole and said insole, and comprising an intake (air intake tube 19 with one way check valve 17) communication with an exterior of said shoe assembly and an exhaust (exhaust pipe 18 with check valves 16) communicating with an interior of said shoe assembly, such that: upon application of pressure against said resilient body, air is discharged outwardly through said exhaust to the interior of said shoe assembly, thereby ventilating said shoe assembly; and upon release of pressure from said resilient body, air is drawn inwardly

Art Unit: 3728

from outside of said shoe assembly through said intake as said body expands to its original form. See figures 1-3 embodiments.

With respect to claim 8, note toe vents (51) in figure 1 embodiment.

5. Claims 1-4, 8-12, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cho (6,085,444). Cho '444 discloses a self-ventilating shoe assembly, comprising: an upper; an outsole attached to said upper (see column 1, lines 16-20); an insole (see figure 4 embodiment, not numbered) located between said upper and said outsole: first and second resilient ventilation bodies (air pressing rooms 3, 4 and 5) located between said outsole and said insole, and in respective heel and ball regions of said shoe assembly, each ventilation body comprising an intake (suction pipes 6 and 6' with check valves 8, 8') communicating with an exterior of said shoe assembly and an exhaust (connection pipes 9 and 9' and exhaust pipe 10 with extension pipes 12) communicating with an interior of said shoe assembly, such that: upon application of pressure against said resilient body, air is discharged outwardly through said exhaust to the interior of said shoe assembly, thereby ventilating said shoe assembly; and upon release of pressure from said resilient body, air is drawn inwardly from outside of said shoe assembly through said intake as said body expands to its original form. See figures 1-8 embodiments.

With respect to claims 8 and 16, note toe vents (breathing holes 11) in figure 1 embodiment.

Application/Control Number: 10/780,186 Page 5

Art Unit: 3728

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 9. Claims 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Cho

Claims 17-20 are directed to the obvious method of using the Cho' 444 shoe assembly.

10. Claims 5, 7, 13 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Cho '444 in view of Shin '861. Cho '444 as described above discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the ventilation bodies including a plurality of bellows with a compression spring. Shin '861 discloses that it is desirable to make the

Art Unit: 3728

ventilation body with bellows and a compression spring for better compressibility.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the ventilating body of Cho '444 with bellows and a compression springs as taught by Shin '444 for better compressibility.

Page 6

11. Claims 6 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Cho '444 in view of Liu et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2004/0010939). Cho '444 as described above discloses all the limitations of the claims except for the ventilation bodies comprising visco-elastic foam. Liu discloses that it is desirable to make the ventilation body from elastic foam for better compressibility. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the ventilating body of Cho '444 from elastic foam as taught by Liu for better compressibility.

With respect to the foam being visco-elastic foam, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

#### Conclusion

- 12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Shown are self-ventilating shoe assemblies analogous to applicant's instant invention.
- 13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jila M. Mohandesi whose telephone number is (571) 272-4558. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30-4:00 (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on (571) 272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jila M Mohandesi Primary Examiner Art Unit 3728

JMM January 30, 2006